Sub-program (Target Priority Area)	Improvement of Economic Infrastructure
Component (CP) (Development Issues)	1-1. Enhancement of Public Administration and Finance
Expected Research Areas	Financial Operation/Management, Public Policy Design/System Design  * Take the following "Direction of Study (Background of Component)" into account before making your research plan.
Accepting University	Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University (Acceptable number of seat: 2) GS of Asia Pacific Studies (1) International Cooperation Policy (ICP) <available degree="">     Master of Science in International Cooperation Policy (2) International Public Administration (IPA)  <available degree="">     Master of Science in International Cooperation Policy     If applicants do not fulfill a regular period of school education (16 years from primary school to university), the eligibility will be assessed.  International University of Japan (Acceptable number of seat: 2) GS of International Relations (1) Public Management and Policy Analysis Program (PMPP)  <available degree="">     Master of Arts in Public Management     If applicants do not fulfill a regular period of school education (16 years from primary school to university), the eligibility will be assessed.</available></available></available>
Target Officers	All CSS/Cadre officers and Federal Ex-Cadre officers (BPS17 and above)
Target Organizations	All Organizations of Pakistan
Direction of Study (Background of CP)	Under the long-term development plan "Vision 2025," Pakistan aims to improve productivity based on a stable long-term macroeconomics and achieve an economic growth of 7% or more through stabilization of macro economy and reformation of the electric power sector and state enterprises. At present, in addition to the unstable political situation, projects have been delayed because of lack of capacities of administration bodies. Therefore, capacity development of administrative officials in charge of solving such problems is an issue for Pakistan.  Under the country assistance policy for the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, the government of Japan aims to provide assistance that contributes to poverty reduction and productivity improvement of the agricultural sector which accounts for a large portion of the working population as well as assistance that contributes to strengthening the industrial sector, including increasing competitiveness of the manufacturing industries, promoting export, and improving the investment climate. This component serves for a part of it. Up until now, Japan has implemented assistance programs for industrial development and investment climate improvement to support Pakistan in establishing proper tax incentives from the perspective of promoting investment as well as for realizing proper collection of custom duties and efficient customs clearance.  JDS is expected to contribute to capacity development of administrative officials in charge of the sound financial management, including national revenue and expenditure management, local finance, financial policy and budgeting, and planning and system establishment for public policies.